

Ormiston Academies Trust

Ormiston Chadwick Academy Anti-Fraud policy

Policy version control

Policy type	OAT Mandatory	
Author	Claire Lovell, OAT Finance	
Approved by	Joanne Dawson, August 2022	
Release date	August 2022	
Review	Policies will be reviewed in line with OAT's internal policy schedule and/or updated when new legislation comes into force	
Description of changes	 2.3.5 further details surrounding phishing fraud 2.4 and 2.5, to include the Head of Compliance and Reporting in emails concerning irregularity 4.3 The role and responsibility of the National Director of Finance has been included within this section. Updated appendices 	



Contents

1.	. Introduction		3
		aud	
		olicy statement	
		les and Responsibilities:	
	4.1.	Staff and Governors	
	4.2.	Internal Auditors	5
	4.3.	National Director of Finance and Finance Director	6
	4.4.	External Auditors	6
5.	Re	porting a Suspected Fraud	6
6.	S. Response to Allegations		
7.	Со	onfidentiality and Safeguards	8
8.	Lin	nks with other Policies:	8
Αŗ	ppend	dix – flowcharts	g
·	Appen	ndix A	10
	Appen	ndix B – Fraud flow chart	11
	Appen	ndix C – Procurement card flow chart	12



1. Introduction

- 1.1. This policy and procedure defines the expected conduct of all staff engaged at the academy, whether in paid or voluntary employment, in relation to deterring and/or detecting fraud, and who to report it to. Reference is also made to other academy policies where appropriate.
- 1.2. Ormiston Academies Trust (OAT) is committed to ensuring that it acts with integrity and has high standards of personal conduct. Everyone involved with the academy has a responsibility in respect of preventing and detecting fraud. All staff and governors have a role to play. The academy also recognises the role of others in alerting them to areas where there is suspicion of fraud.
- 1.3. Recognising a potential fraud and being able to report it is just as important as the measures to prevent and detect.
- 1.4. It is the duty of all employees and governors at the academy to take reasonable steps to limit the possibility of corrupt practices, and it is the responsibility of the internal auditors and the external auditors to review the adequacy of the measures taken by the academy to test compliance and to draw attention to any weaknesses or omissions.
- 1.5. Any investigation carried out in relation to alleged irregularities is linked to the academy's disciplinary procedure.

2. Fraud

- 2.1. Fraud is a general term covering theft, deliberate misuse or misappropriation of assets or anything that leads to a financial advantage to the perpetrator or others upon whose behalf he or she acts, even if these "others" are in ignorance of the fraud. Fraud is in fact intentional deceit and for this reason it cannot include negligence.
- 2.2. Fraud incorporates theft, larceny, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, false pretences, forgery, corrupt practices and falsification of accounts.
- 2.3. Irregularities fall within the following broad categories, the first three of which are criminal offences:
 - 2.3.1. Theft the dishonest taking of property belonging to another person with the intention of depriving the owner permanently of its possession;
 - 2.3.2. Fraud the intentional distortion of financial statements or other records by persons internal and external to the academy, which is carried out to conceal the misappropriation of assets or otherwise for gain;
 - 2.3.3. Bribery and corruption (as covered in the gifts and hospitality policy)- involves the offering or the acceptance of a reward, for performing an act, or for failing to perform an act, which leads to gain for the person offering the inducement:



- 2.3.4. Failure to observe, or breaches of, scheme of delegation and financial regulations within the academy's procedures which in some circumstances can constitute an irregularity, with potentially significant financial consequences.
- 2.3.5. Phishing fraud this is where fraudsters access valuable personal details such as usernames and passwords, and can involve sending malicious attachments or website links in an attempt to infect computers or mobile devices. For further details on phishing and for advise on what to do following a possible phishing fraud please refer to the Cyber Strategy.
- 2.3.6. Examples of what could constitute fraud and corruption are:
 - theft of cash;
 - non-receipt of income;
 - substitution of personal cheques for cash;
 - travelling and subsistence claims for non-existent journeys/events;
 - travelling and subsistence claims inflated;
 - data fraud please refer to the data protection policy
 - manipulating documentation to increase salaries/wages received, e.g. false overtime claims;
 - payment of invoices for goods received by an individual rather than the academy;
 - failure to observe, or breaches of, regulations and/or other associated legislation laid down by the academy;
 - unauthorised borrowing of equipment;
 - breaches of confidentiality regarding information;
 - failure to declare a direct pecuniary or otherwise conflicting interest;
 - concealing a generous gift or reward;
 - unfairly influencing the award of a contract;
 - creation of false documents;
 - deception;
 - using position for personal reward.
- 2.4. The above list is not exhaustive and fraud and corruption can take many different paths. If in any doubt about whether a matter is an irregularity or not, clarification must be sought from the Head of Compliance and Reporting.
- 2.5. Similarly, if there is concern or doubt about any aspect of a matter which involves an irregularity, or an ongoing investigation into a suspected irregularity, the best approach is to seek advice from the Principal and the Head of Compliance and Reporting.

3. Policy statement

- 3.1. This policy and procedure defines anti-fraud and offers guidance for all staff in the academy.
- 3.2. The Trust aims to be an honest and ethical institution. As such, it is opposed to fraud and seeks to eliminate fraud by the way it conducts academy business. This document sets out the academy's policy and procedures for dealing with the risk of significant fraud. In order to minimise the risk and



impact of fraud, the academy's objectives are, firstly, to create a culture which deters fraudulent activity, encourages its prevention and promotes its detection and reporting and, secondly, to identify and document its response to cases of fraud practices.

- 3.3. This policy, in line with the Trust's corporate values and best practice, provides both staff and management with mutually understood guidelines for the administration of this procedure.
- 3.4. The scope of this procedure extends to all academy employees, permanent, voluntary and fixed term
- 3.5. Time limits specified in this document may be extended by mutual agreement.
- 3.6. If requested, employees may be accompanied by a recognised trade union representative or work colleague, not involved in any part of the process, at any interviews.

4. Roles and Responsibilities:

4.1. Staff and Governors

- 4.1.1.The Trust has adopted the following measures to demonstrate its commitment to antifraud and corruption:
- 4.1.1.1. All boards and committees meet regularly;
- 4.1.1.2. A requirement for all staff and governors to declare prejudicial interests and not contribute to business related to that interest;
- 4.1.1.3. A requirement for staff and governors to disclose personal interests;
- 4.1.1.4. Clear recruitment policies and procedures.
- 4.1.2.Staff and governors also have a duty to report another member of staff or governor whose conduct is reasonably believed to represent a failure to comply with the above.

4.2. Internal Auditors

- 4.2.1.The internal auditors have specific responsibility for overseeing the financial arrangements on behalf of the governors.
- 4.2.2. Some of the main duties of the internal auditors are to provide the governors with ongoing independent assurance that:
- 4.2.2.1. The financial responsibilities of the governors are being properly discharged;
- 4.2.2.2. The resources are being managed in an efficient, economical and effective manner;



- 4.2.2.3. Sound systems of financial control are being maintained; and
- 4.2.2.4. Financial considerations are fully taken into account in reaching decisions.

4.3. National Director of Finance and Finance Director

- 4.3.1. The National Director of Finance is ultimately responsible for ensuring that effective systems of internal controls are maintained throughout the Trust. The Finance Director ensures that they are followed at the academy and they also will safeguard the resources of the academy.
- 4.3.2.In respect of fraud it is the responsibility of the National Director of Finance director to ensure internal controls prevent and detect any frauds promptly. The Finance Director will then ensure that these are internal controls are in place at the academy and that appropriate segregation of duties are maintained at all times.
- 4.3.3. It therefore needs to be ensured that the following are in place:
- 4.3.3.1. Proper procedures and financial systems;
- 4.3.3.2. Effective management of financial records;
- 4.3.3.3. Management of the academy's financial position.

4.4. External Auditors

4.4.1.The academy's annual report and financial statements include an independent auditors' report. This report includes a view as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether proper accounting records have been kept by the academy throughout the financial year. In addition, it reports on compliance with the accounting requirements of the relevant companies act and confirms compliance with the financial reporting and annual accounting requirements issued by the Department of Education.

5. Reporting a Suspected Fraud

- 5.1. All allegations of suspected fraud and irregularities are to be brought to the attention of the finance director and also referred to the principal, unless this individual is involved in the irregularity in which case the chair of governors should be informed. The ESFA should also be informed as specified.
- 5.2. A summary flow chart is recorded in Appendix, which will assist individuals on the route to follow for different areas of suspected fraud.
- 5.3. If the suspected fraud is from an external party, such as a supplier fraud, please refer to the Mandate Fraud Policy in the first instance. If there is another type of external fraud please refer to



your Head of Academy Finance and your HO team, who will take the necessary steps to inform the relevant individuals.

- 5.4. Please refer to the academy's whistleblowing policy for further guidance.
- 5.5. If the fraud relates to a potential data breach, please follow the data protection policy for further guidelines.

6. Response to Allegations

- 6.1. The principal will have initial responsibility for co-ordinating the initial response. In doing this he/she will consult with the human resource advisors regarding potential employment issues. The principal will also see legal advice from the academy's solicitors on both employment and litigation issues before taking any further action.
- 6.2. The finance director and principal will ascertain whether or not the suspicions aroused have substance. In every case, and as soon as possible after the initial investigation, they will pass the matter on to the chair of the governing board. Even if there is no evidence to support the allegation, the matter must be reported.
- 6.3. The board will undertake the management of the investigation.
 - 6.3.1. They will, if appropriate, conduct a preliminary investigation to gather factual information and reach an initial view as to whether further action is required.
 - 6.3.2. They will determine whether the findings, conclusions and any recommendations arising from the preliminary investigation should be reported to the chair of the Governing board
 - 6.3.3.If further investigations are required, they will determine which outside agencies should be involved (police, auditors).
- 6.4. The principal is required to notify the governing board of any serious financial irregularities. This action will be taken at the first opportunity following the completion of the initial investigations and will involve keeping the chair of the governing board fully informed between governor meetings of any developments relating to serious control weaknesses, fraud or major accounting breakdowns.
- 6.5. The Trust must notify the ESFA as soon as it is operationally practical based on its particular circumstances of any instances of fraud, theft and or irregularity, exceeding £5,000 individually or £5,000 cumulatively in any accounting financial year.
- 6.6. Any unusual or systematic fraud, regardless of value must be reported. The following information is required:
 - 6.6.1. Full details of the event(s) with dates
 - 6.6.2. The financial value of the loss



- 6.6.3. Measures taken by the Trust to prevent recurrence
- 6.6.4. Whether the matter was referred to the police (and why if not)
- 6.6.5. Whether insurance cover or risk protection arrangement have offset any loss.

7. Confidentiality and Safeguards

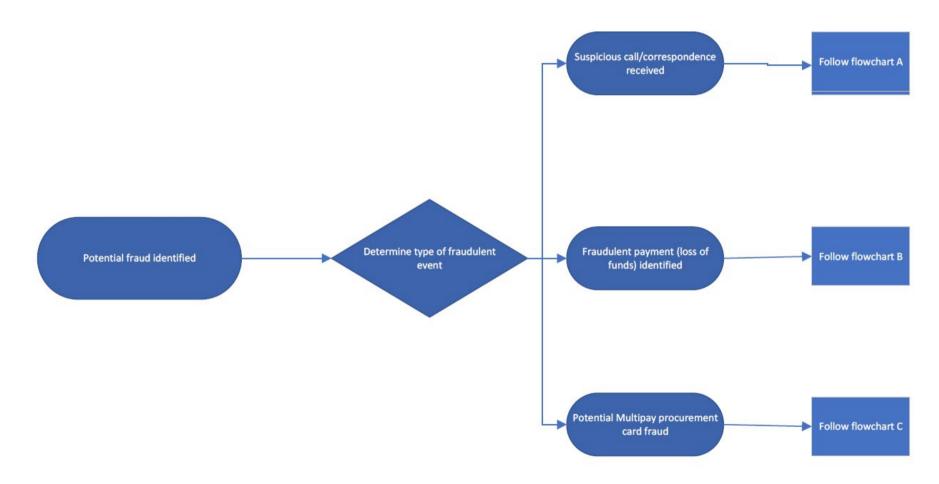
- 7.1. OAT recognises that the decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make, not least because of the fear of reprisal from those responsible for the alleged malpractice. The academy will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will do what it lawfully can to protect an individual when a concern is raised in good faith.
- 7.2. This does not mean that if the person raising the concern is already the subject of a disciplinary, redundancy or other procedure, that those procedures will be halted as a result of the concern being reported.
- 7.3. There is a need to ensure that the process is not misused. For further guidance refer to the staff disciplinary policy.

8. Links with other Policies:

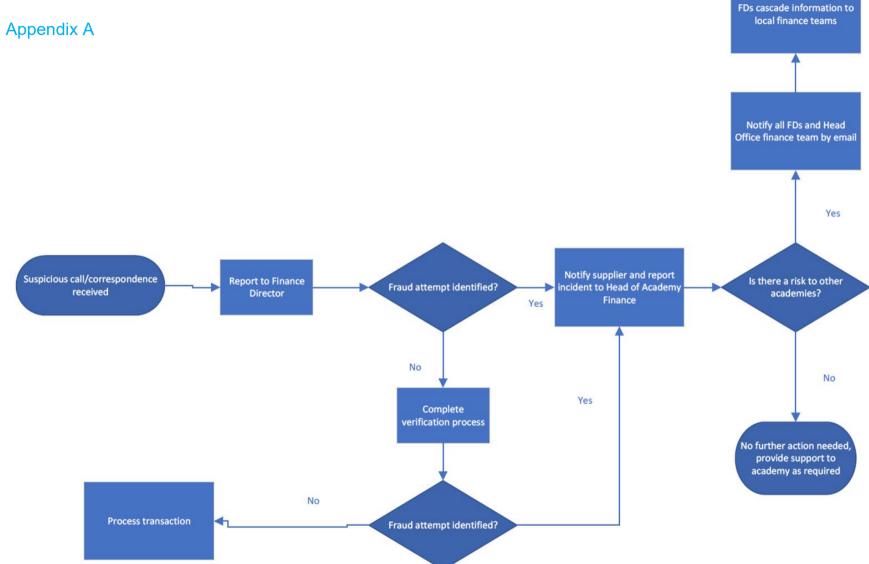
- 8.1. The governing board is committed to preventing fraud and corruption. To help achieve this objective there is a clear network of systems and procedures in place for the prevention, detection and investigation of fraud and corruption. This anti-fraud policy attempts to consolidate those in one document and should be read in conjunction with the following academy policies:
 - 8.1.1. Whistle-Blowing Policy
 - 8.1.2. Financial Regulations
 - 8.1.3. Staff Disciplinary Policy
 - 8.1.4. Equality Policy
 - 8.1.5. Data protection policy



Appendix – flowcharts

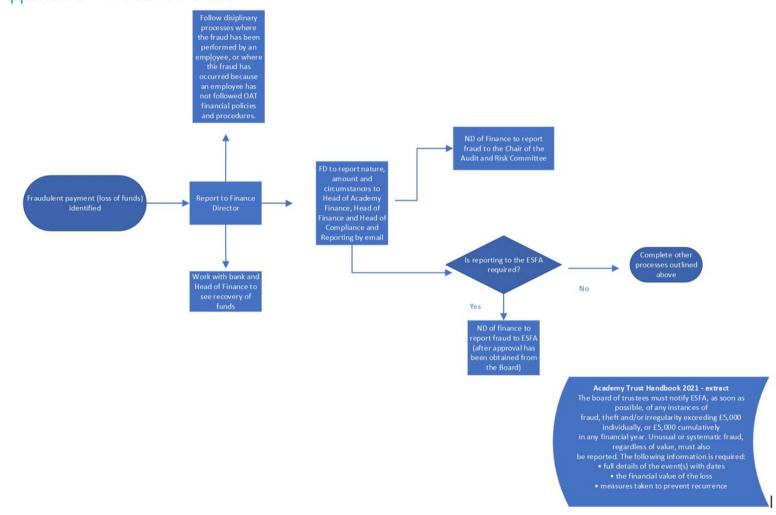








Appendix B – Fraud flow chart





Appendix C – Procurement card flow chart

